

Investing for Shared Value A framework to assess results for business and society

10 November 2015

About Corporate Citizenship

We are a global management consultancy, specialising in corporate responsibility and sustainability

Established in 1997

Based in London, New York, San Francisco, Santiago and Singapore

Projects completed in more than 45 countries

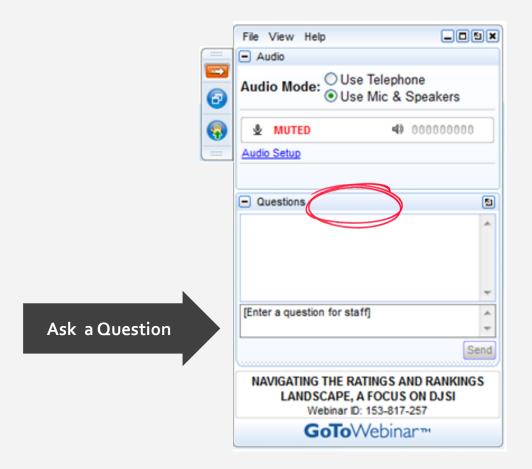




"Corporate Citizenship helped us to understand the issues, anticipated what's next and realise the opportunities for growth."

Unilever Global VP, Sustainable Business

Asking questions



Please note: The presentation slides will be available tomorrow via the Corporate Citizenship website

Speakers





Mike Tuffrey

CO-FOUNDING DIRECTOR Corporate Citizenship

Megan DeYoung

DIRECTOR Corporate Citizenship

- 1. What is 'shared value'?
- 2. What are Investments for Shared Value?
- 3. Examples of shared value investments
- 4. Framework for Investing for Shared Value
- 5. Resources available
- 6. Q&A session

Our study

- Working group of eight companies
- Extensive desk research
- Engagement and consultation
- Pilot testing
- And now dissemination





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What is 'shared value'?

The shared value debate



In your opinion what do you think "shared value" is all about?

(a) A new way to do business, more aligned with social outcomes

(b) A better way to do corporate philanthropy and community investment, more aligned with business goals

(c) Another expression for CSR, corporate citizenship and social responsibility

(d) None of the above

(e) Don't know

What are "Investments for Shared Value"?

Changing models of business

NEW HIGH-IMPACT INITIATIVES



How Shared Value Investments are different

Shared Value Investments in comparison to **conventional business** management

More innovative and developmental

Longer timeframes

Higher risk of failure

Reduced profit margins

'Added' social value

Shared Value Investments in comparison to **traditional community investments**

Directly led by the business

Improved sales and profits are explicit eventual goal

Durable e.g. self-funded

Long lasting contribution to social change

Community partner not essential

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LBG measurement framework

📩 Inputs: What's contributed

The resources a company provides to support a community activity.

How:

Cash, time, in-kind, management cost

Why:

Charitable gift, community investment, commercial initiative in the community

What:

Issue addressed (education, health etc.)

Where: Location of activity

✓ Outputs: What happens

The activities delivered, numbers reached, funds raised and businessrelated activity resulting from the contributions made.

Community outputs: Numbers helped, activities held etc.

Leverage: Additional funds raised

Business outputs: Media coverage, awareness among customers, employees etc. 🕕 Impacts: What changes

The changes that happen to individuals, organisations and the company, in the short or longerterm, as a result of the activity.

Community impacts: Change in beneficiaries, organisations and/or society

Business impacts: Change in business performance

Find out more about LBG - http://www.lbg-online.net/

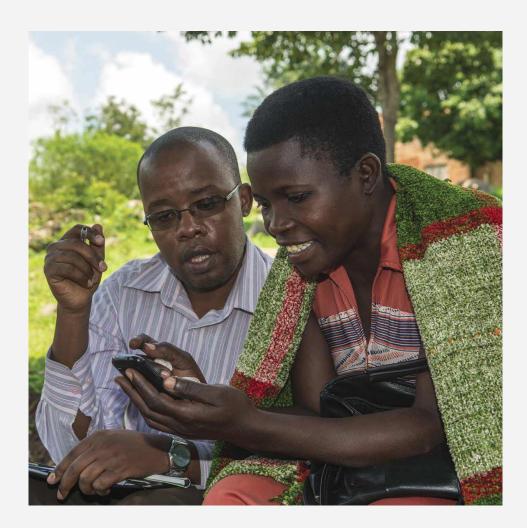
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Examples of Shared Value Investments

Making Sense of Materiality | 2015 | © Corporate Citizenship

Case study: Barclays - Social Innovation Facility



BARCLAYS

A 'village savings and loans association' delivered through Barclays Social Innovation Facility

Find out more: http://www.resources.barclays.co m/citizenshipreport/articles/socialinnovation-facility.html

Case Study: Unilever - Pureit

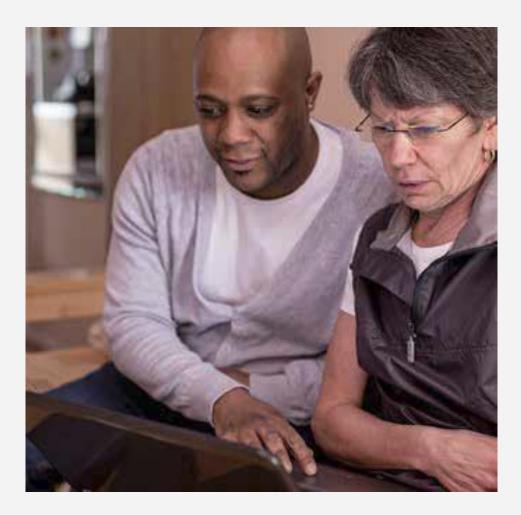




A water purifier developed by Unilever as a part of its target to provide 150 billion litres of low-cost safe water by 2020.

Find out more: https://www.unilever.com/sustainableliving/the-sustainable-livingplan/improving-health-and-wellbeing/health-and-hygiene/providingsafe-drinking-water/

Case Study: BT – Purposeful Business

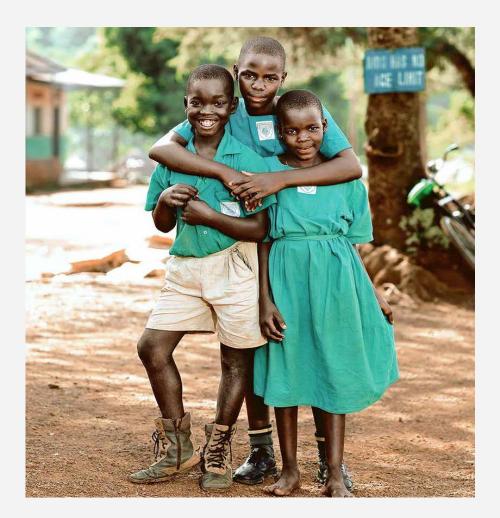




BT offers social housing tenants training, coaching and technical support as a part of its Purposeful Business programme.

> Find out more: http://www.btplc.com/Bett erfuture/ConnectedSociety /Creatingpossibilities/

Case Study: GSK – Africa and Developing Country Unit





GSK's Africa and Developing Country business unit makes low-priced high-quality medicines and vaccines available to people in sub-Saharan Africa and LCD populations, capped at 25% with 20% profits reinvested.

> Find out more: http://www.gsk.com/engb/responsibility/health-for-all/access-tohealthcare/

Framework for Investing in Shared Value

Framework for investing in shared value

A Set objectives

Set clear measurable goals for business and for society, aligned to business strategy and responsibility/sustainability mission.

B Consider if shared value criteria apply

Ensure the activity meets the requirements for a true 'shared value' investment, looking at the criteria for inclusion.

Make the investment

What are the lifetime costs of this activity to the business? What third party funding is directly attributable to this activity?

Check activity meets quality management principles

Make sure successful outcomes are more likely to be achieved, by careful planning and management of factors such as stakeholder consultation and inclusion.

• Business results

Directly through a measurable improvement in the bottom line profit Longer term resilience and capacity building

Society results

Direct benefits for individuals Longer term socio-economic capacity building.

• Assess overall outcomes

Look back at the original objectives: what is the scale of resources invested and results achieved? Does the ratio between inputs and outputs – the return on investment – look right, for the business and for society?

Have longer term goals been achieved, such as innovation and mainstreaming?

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Criteria for shared value investments

The framework uses six criteria to determine if an activity is classified as 'shared value'.

Meets a defined business objective, explicitly linked to a stated corporate strategy. Provides high levels of social value derived from a business solution.

Will yield demonstrable and measurable results, both for the business and for society.

Meets a defined social objective, clearly linked to a stated responsibility/sustainability purpose, mission or strategy.

Is different from standard business investment requirements. Is intended to be scalable, replicable and durable, with a self-sustaining resource model.

A further five subsidiary criteria are included in the assessment tool (available separately) to help determine whether an activity can be included.

Successful outcomes are more likely to be achieved by following these quality management principles:



To get better results for business <u>and</u> society, is it helpful to build quality management principles into the investment framework?

(a) Yes – this is an essential component

(b) Probably – this is desirable

(c) No – it makes little difference

(d) Don't know

Resources available



Discussion and Q&A

Thank you for joining us!

Contact us

For further information please contact:

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